

Westlands Water District
Transmission Owner Access Policy

Appendix A

DEFINITIONS

Adverse System Impact shall mean the negative effects due to technical or operational limits on conductors or equipment being exceeded that may compromise the safety and reliability of the electric system.

Affected System shall mean an electric system other than WWD's Transmission System that may be affected by the proposed interconnection.

Affected System Operator shall mean the entity that operates an Affected System.

Affiliate shall mean, with respect to a corporation, partnership or other entity, each such other corporation, partnership or other entity that directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, such corporation, partnership or other entity.

ANSI shall mean the American National Standards Institute.

Applicable Laws and Regulations shall mean all duly promulgated applicable federal, state and local laws, regulations, rules, ordinances, codes, decrees, judgments, directives, or judicial or administrative orders, permits and other duly authorized actions of any Governmental Authority.

Applicable Reliability Standards shall mean the requirements and guidelines of the Electric Reliability Organization including any regional standards applicable within WECC, as such standards may be amended from time to time.

Asynchronous Generating Facility shall mean an induction, doubly-fed, or electronic power generating unit(s) that produces 60 Hz (nominal) alternating current.

Authorized Representative is a person authorized to represent a Party in carrying out the implementation and administration of these procedures and the agreements thereunder.

Balancing Authority shall mean an entity that integrates resource plans ahead of time, maintains demand and resource balance within a Balancing Authority Area, and supports interconnection frequency in real time.

Balancing Authority Area shall mean the collection of generation, transmission, and loads within the metered boundaries of the Balancing Authority. The Balancing Authority maintains load-resource balance within this area.

Base Case shall mean the base case power flow, short circuit, and stability data bases used for the Interconnection Studies by WWD or Interconnection Customer.

Business Day shall mean Monday through Friday, excluding federal holidays.

CAISO shall mean the California Independent System Operator Corporation.

Calendar Day shall mean any day including Saturday, Sunday or a federal holiday.

California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) shall mean the California Environmental Quality

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Act, as amended, California Pub. Resources Code § 21000 et seq.

Cluster shall mean a group of one or more Interconnection Requests that are studied together for the purpose of conducting a Cluster Study.

Cluster Request Window shall mean the time period set forth in Section 3.1 of the LGIP.

Cluster Restudy shall mean a restudy of a Cluster Study conducted pursuant to Section 7 of the LGIP.

Cluster Restudy Report shall mean the report issued following completion of a Cluster Restudy pursuant to Section 7 of the LGIP.

Cluster Restudy Report Meeting shall mean the meeting held to discuss the results of a Cluster Restudy pursuant to Section 7 of the LGIP.

Cluster Restudy Agreement shall mean the agreement contained in Appendix 3 to the LGIP for conducting the Cluster Restudy.

Cluster Study shall mean the evaluation of one or more Interconnection Requests within a Cluster as described in Section 6 of the LGIP.

Cluster Study Agreement shall mean the agreement contained in Appendix 2 to the LGIP for conducting the Cluster Study.

Cluster Study Process shall mean the following processes, conducted in sequence: the Cluster Request Window; the Customer Engagement Window; the Cluster Study; any needed Cluster Restudies; and the Interconnection Facilities Study.

Cluster Study Report shall mean the report issued following completion of a Cluster Study pursuant to Section 6 of the LGIP.

Cluster Study Report Meeting shall mean the meeting held to discuss the results of a Cluster Study pursuant to Section 6 of the LGIP.

Clustering shall mean the process whereby a group of Interconnection Requests is studied together, instead of serially, as described in Section 3 of the LGIP.

Commercial Operation shall mean the status of a Generating Facility that has commenced generating electricity for sale, excluding electricity generated during Trial Operation.

Commercial Operation Date of a unit shall mean the date on which the Generating Facility commences Commercial Operation as agreed to by the Parties pursuant to a Generator Interconnection Agreement.

Confidential Information shall mean any confidential, proprietary or trade secret information of a plan, specification, pattern, procedure, design, device, list, concept, policy or compilation relating to the present or planned business of a Party, which is designated as confidential by the Party supplying the information, whether conveyed orally, electronically, in writing, through inspection, or otherwise.

Contingent Facilities shall mean those unbuilt Interconnection Facilities and Network Upgrades upon which the Interconnection Request's costs, timing, and study findings are dependent, and that, if delayed

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or not built, could cause a need for restudies of the Interconnection Request or a reassessment of the Interconnection Facilities or Network Upgrades or costs and timing.

Customer Engagement Window shall mean the time period set forth in Section 3.4.4 of the LGIP.

Dispute Resolution shall mean the procedure for resolution of a dispute between the Parties in which they will first attempt to resolve the dispute on an informal basis as described in Section 13.5 of the LGIP.

Electric Reliability Organization shall mean the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) or its successor organization.

Energy Resource Plan shall mean specific areas within the Plan Area that have been identified for potential renewable energy development, including solar photovoltaic facilities with integrated energy storage systems, and stand-alone energy storage facilities along with typical supporting facilities such as operations and maintenance facilities and project substations as further described in the Final Program Environmental Impact Report.

Emergency Condition shall mean a condition or situation: (1) that in the judgment of the Party making the claim is imminently likely to endanger life or property; or (2) that, in the case of WWD, is imminently likely (as determined in a non-discriminatory manner) to cause a material adverse effect on the security of, or damage to, WWD's Transmission System, WWD's Interconnection Facilities, or any systems, facilities, and equipment used by WWD for the purpose of water conveyance, or the electric systems of others to which WWD's Transmission System is directly connected; or (3) that, in the case of Interconnection Customer, is imminently likely (as determined in a non-discriminatory manner) to cause a material adverse effect on the security of, or damage to, the Generating Facility or Interconnection Customer's Interconnection Facilities. System restoration and black start shall be considered Emergency Conditions; provided that Interconnection Customer is not obligated to possess black start capability.

Federal Power Act shall mean the Federal Power Act, as amended, 16 U.S.C. §§ 791a et seq.

FERC shall mean the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or its successor.

Final Program Environmental Impact Report shall mean *The Final Program Environmental Impact Report, SCH #2024020124, And Adopting Findings of Fact Under CEQA For the Valley Clean Infrastructure Plan* approved by Resolution No. 122-25 of the Westlands Water District, December 16, 2025.

Generating Facility shall mean Interconnection Customer's device(s) for production or storage for later injection of electricity identified in the Interconnection Request, but shall not include the Interconnection Customer's Interconnection Facilities.

Generating Facility Capacity shall mean the net capacity of the Generating Facility and the aggregate net capacity of the Generating Facility where it includes more than one device for the production or storage for later injection of electricity.

Generating Unit shall mean an individual electric generator, or storage for later injection of electricity, and its associated plant and apparatus whose electrical output is capable of being separately identified and metered.

Good Utility Practice shall mean any of the practices, methods and acts engaged in or approved by a significant portion of the electric industry during the relevant time period, or any of the practices, methods and acts which, in the exercise of reasonable judgment in light of the facts known at the time the decision was

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made, could have been expected to accomplish the desired result at a reasonable cost consistent with good business practices, reliability, safety and expedition. Good Utility Practice is not intended to be limited to the optimum practice, method, or act to the exclusion of all others, but rather to be acceptable practices, methods, or acts generally accepted in the region.

Governmental Authority shall mean any federal, state, local or other governmental regulatory or administrative agency, court, commission, department, board, or other governmental subdivision, legislature, rulemaking board, tribunal, or other governmental authority having jurisdiction over the Parties, their respective facilities, or the respective services they provide, and exercising or entitled to exercise any administrative, executive, police, or taxing authority or power; provided, however, that such term does not include the Interconnection Customer, WWD, or any Affiliate thereof.

IEEE shall mean the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers.

Infrastructure Plan shall mean transmission facilities and collection substations required for the collection of solar generation within the Plan Area, including (1) Interconnection Customer Interconnection Facilities; (2) WWD Interconnection Facilities; (3) Collection Substations; and (4) Connector Transmission Lines and for the delivery of renewable energy to electricity markets in California as further described in the Final Program Environmental Impact Report.

Initial Synchronization Date shall mean the date upon which the Generating Facility is initially synchronized and upon which Trial Operation begins.

In-Service Date shall mean the date upon which the Interconnection Customer reasonably expects it will be ready to begin use of WWD's Interconnection Facilities to obtain back feed power.

Interconnection Customer shall mean an entity that proposes to interconnect its Generating Facility with WWD's Transmission System.

Interconnection Customer's Interconnection Facilities shall mean all facilities and equipment that are located between the Generating Facility and the Point of Change of Ownership, including any modification, addition, or upgrades to such facilities and equipment necessary to physically and electrically interconnect the Generating Facility to WWD's Transmission System. Interconnection Customer's Interconnection Facilities are sole use facilities.

Interconnection Facilities shall mean WWD's Interconnection Facilities and the Interconnection Customer's Interconnection Facilities. Collectively, Interconnection Facilities include all facilities and equipment between the Generating Facility and the Point of Interconnection with the WWD Transmission System, including any modification, additions or upgrades that are necessary to physically and electrically interconnect the Generating Facility to WWD's Transmission System. Interconnection Facilities are sole use facilities and shall not include Stand Alone Network Upgrades or Network Upgrades.

Interconnection Facilities Study shall mean a study conducted by WWD or a third party consultant, under the direction of WWD, for the Interconnection Customer to determine a list of facilities (including WWD's Interconnection Facilities and Network Upgrades as identified in the Cluster Study), the cost of those facilities, and the time required to interconnect the Generating Facility with WWD's Transmission System. The scope of the study and further details are provided in Section 8 of the LGIP.

Interconnection Facilities Study Agreement shall mean the form of agreement contained in Appendix 4 of the LGIP for conducting the Interconnection Facilities Study.

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Interconnection Facilities Study Report shall mean the report issued following completion of an Interconnection Facilities Study pursuant to Section 8 of the LGIP.

Interconnection Request(s) shall mean an Interconnection Customer's request, in the form of Appendix 1 to the LGIP, to interconnect a new Generating Facility, increase the capacity of, or make a Material Modification to the operating characteristics of, an existing Generating Facility that is interconnected with WWD's Transmission System.

Interconnection Service shall mean the service provided by WWD associated with interconnecting the Interconnection Customer's Generating Facility to WWD's Transmission System and enabling it to receive electric energy and capacity from the Generating Facility at the Point of Interconnection, pursuant to the terms of the Large Generator Interconnection Agreement and the WWD TO Tariff.

Interconnection Service Capacity shall mean the maximum instantaneous power output at the Point of Interconnection for the Interconnection Customer, as set forth in its Interconnection Request.

Interconnection Study shall mean any of the following studies: the Cluster Study, the Cluster Restudy or the Interconnection Facilities Study, and Material Modification assessment as described in this LGIP.

Large Generator Interconnection Agreement (LGIA) shall mean the form of interconnection agreement applicable to an Interconnection Request pertaining to a large Generating Facility.

Large Generator Interconnection Procedure (LGIP) shall mean the interconnection procedures applicable to an Interconnection Request pertaining to a large Generating Facility.

Material Modification shall mean those modifications that have a material impact on the cost or timing of any Interconnection Request with an equal or later queue priority.

Metering Equipment shall mean all metering equipment installed or to be installed at the Generating Facility pursuant to the Generator Interconnection Agreement at the metering points, including but not limited to instrument transformers, MWh-meters, data acquisition equipment, transducers, remote terminal unit, communications equipment, phone lines, and fiber optics.

MVAR shall mean megavolt-ampere reactive.

MW shall mean megawatt(s).

NERC shall mean the North American Electric Reliability Corporation.

Network Upgrades shall mean the additions, modifications, and upgrades to WWD's Transmission System required at or beyond the point at which the Interconnection Facilities connect to WWD's Transmission System to accommodate the interconnection of the Generating Facility to WWD's Transmission System.

Notice of Dispute shall mean a written notice of a dispute or claim that arises out of or in connection with the Generator Interconnection Agreement or its performance.

Party or Parties shall mean WWD or the Interconnection Customer or both WWD and the Interconnection Customer.

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Plan Area shall mean the entire Fresno County portion of WWD’s service area as further set forth in Final Program Environmental Impact Report (SCH#2024020124).

Pmax shall mean the maximum real power output capability, expressed in megawatts (MW), of a Generating Facility or Generating Unit as modeled for purposes of Interconnection Studies, reflecting the maximum net output at the Point of Interconnection under normal operating conditions. Pmax shall account for auxiliary load, station service, and losses, and shall be consistent with the values used in steady-state and dynamic models submitted as part of the Interconnection Request.”

Point of Change of Ownership shall mean the physical point at which ownership of facilities transfers between the Interconnection Customer and WWD, which may be located at or near the point where the Interconnection Facilities physically connect to WWD’s Transmission System.

Point of Interconnection shall mean the electrical point on WWD’s Transmission System, including the associated bus, at which the Generating Facility is deemed to inject or withdraw energy and where Interconnection Service is evaluated for purposes of system studies, operational control, and dispatch. The Point of Interconnection is distinct from the Point of Change of Ownership and may not physically coincide with the location where the Interconnection Facilities connect to WWD’s Transmission System..

Power System Stabilizers shall mean an electronic control system applied on a Generating Unit that helps to damp out dynamic oscillations on a power system. The Power System Stabilizers senses Generating Unit variables, such as voltage, current and shaft speed, processes this information and sends control signals to the Generating Unit voltage regulator.

Queue Position shall mean the order of a valid Interconnection Request, relative to all other pending valid Interconnection Requests, established pursuant to Section 4.1 of the LGIP.

Reasonable Efforts shall mean, with respect to an action required to be attempted or taken by a Party under the LGIP or LGIA, efforts that are timely and consistent with Good Utility Practice and are otherwise substantially equivalent to those a Party would use to protect its own interests.

Scoping Meeting shall mean the meeting among representatives of the Interconnection Customer(s) and WWD conducted for the purpose of discussing the proposed Interconnection Request(s) and any alternative interconnection options, to exchange information including any transmission data and earlier study evaluations that would be reasonably expected to impact such interconnection options, refining information and models provided by Interconnection Customer(s), discussing the Cluster Study Process, and to analyzing such information.

Site Control shall mean the exclusive land right to develop, construct, operate, and maintain the Generating Facility within the Plan Area over the term of expected operation of the Generating Facility. Site Control may be demonstrated by documentation establishing: (1) ownership of, an easement over, a leasehold interest in, or a right to develop a site of sufficient size to construct and operate the Generating Facility; (2) an option to purchase or acquire ownership of, an easement over, a leasehold interest in, or right to develop a site of sufficient size to construct and operate the Generating Facility; or (3) any other documentation that clearly demonstrates the right of Interconnection Customer to exclusively occupy a site of sufficient size to construct and operate the Generating Facility. WWD will maintain acreage requirements for each Generating Facility type in Appendix 1 of the LGIP.

Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) shall mean a computer system that allows an electric system operator or Generating Facility owner to remotely monitor and control elements of an electric system or Generating Facility.

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TOAP shall mean the Westlands Water District Transmission Owner Access Policy setting out WWD's policies, procedures and requirements for access to and interconnection of Generating Facilities to WWD's Transmission System, as it may be amended from time to time.

Trial Operation shall mean the period during which Interconnection Customer is engaged in on-site test operations and commissioning of the Generating Facility prior to Commercial Operation.

Valley Clean Infrastructure Plan (VCIP) shall mean the Energy Resource Plan and the Infrastructure Plan as described in the Final Program Environmental Impact Report.

Variable Energy Resource shall mean a device for the production of electricity that is characterized by an energy source that: (1) is renewable; (2) cannot be stored by the facility owner or operator; and (3) has variability that is beyond the control of the facility owner or operator.

WECC shall mean the Western Electricity Coordinating Council.

WWD's Interconnection Facilities shall mean all facilities and equipment owned, controlled, or operated by WWD from the Point of Change of Ownership to the Point of Interconnection, including any modifications, additions or upgrades to such facilities and equipment. WWD's Interconnection Facilities are sole use facilities and shall not include Network Upgrades.

WWD Transmission System shall mean the transmission facilities planned, owned, or controlled by WWD, including certain Infrastructure Plan transmission facilities and any future transmission facilities designated by WWD for Interconnection Service under this LGIP.